

# Tilemaster Oil Off



## Section 1 - Product Identification

<b>Product name:</b>	TileMaster Oil Off
<b>Product type:</b>	Solvent liquid to absorbent powder
<b>Product description:</b>	Stain remover for oily stains
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## Section 2 - Hazards Identification

### 2.1

Classification of the substance according to Regulation EC n. 1272/2008  
The product is not classified as dangerous -  
H226, H304, H315, H319.

#### Dangers for human health:

- Skin and eyes irritating
- Dangerous if swallowed
- Causes damage to eyes
- See section 16 for the complete text of sentence H
- See section 11 for additional information on health effects.

#### Main solvent:

- Denaturized white spirit and percloroethilene
- NAFTA (petrolio, frazione alifatica de aromatizzata
- CAS: 64742-48-9- EINECS: 265-150-3 : < 50% Xn R10-65
- TOLUENE DENATURATO
- CAS: 108-88-3 < 10% Xn R 48/20/67
- BUTANONE-METILETILCHETONE
- CAS: 78-93-3 EINECS: 201-159-0 < 20% Xi R 36/66/67
- 03.02 Flammable product
- 03.03 Flashing point : >40°C.

#### Hazardous indications:

- H305 May be harmful if swallowed and if penetrating in breathing ways
- EUH066 repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracks.

#### Prudence recommendations:

- P101 Keep far from the reach of children
- P210 keep far from heating sources/sparks/free flames. Do not smoke
- P226 liquid and flammable vapours
- P260 do not breath vapours in aerosol
- P280 Wear gloves/protective clothes/protect eyes/face
- P 301+330+331 in case of ingestion rinse mouth and do not induce vomit: immediately call a doctor
- P 303+361+353 in case of contact with the skin (or hair) take off the dirty clothes. Rinse skin and take a shower
- P 305+351+338 in case of contact with eyes rinse for some minutes, take eventual eye-lens off, rinse again very well
- P501 Collect the product/container according to directives.

#### Indications on precautions:

##### Prevention:

- Wear protective gloves
- Protection for eyes and face
- Do not eat, drink or smoke during use
- Wash hands well after use.

##### Disposal:

- Do not waste residues in the environment.

### 2.2

#### Label indications:



Danger labelling in compliance with (CE) 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation and following modifications and adjustments.

#### Danger:

- Irritant.

#### Risk:

- H226 liquid and flammable vapours
- H 304 may be fatal in case of ingestion and penetration to breathing system
- H315 causes skin irritation
- H314 causes severe skin burnings
- H290 corrosive for metals
- H400 very toxic for water organisms
- H319 causes severe eyes irritation
- H 335 may irritate breathing ways
- Safety: S24/S25 avoid contact with eyes and skin
- S36/S37/S39 wear suitable protective clothes and gloves to protect eyes/face
- EUH066 continuous exposure may cause skin dryness scratches
- P210 keep far from heating, sparks, free flames. Do not smoke
- P270 do not eat, drink or smoke during use
- P280 wear protective clothes and gloves. Protect eyes/face
- P301-P310 IN CASE OF INGESTION immediately call a doctor.

### Section 3 – Composition / Information on the Ingredients

#### 3.1

##### Main solvent:

- Denaturized white spirit and perchloroethylene
- NAFTA (petrolio, frazione alifatica de aromatizzata)
- CAS: 64742-48-9- EINECS: 265-150-3 : < 50% Xn R10-65
- TOLUENE DENATURATO
- CAS: 108-88-3 < 10% Xn R 48/20/67
- BUTANONE-METILETILCHETONE
- CAS: 78-93-3 EINECS: 201-159-0 < 20% Xi R 36/66/67.

#### 3.2

- Flammable product.

#### 3.2

- The product could be irritant for eyes and skin.

### Section 4 – First Aid Measures

#### 4.1

##### First aid measured description:

- In case of contact with the skin: Remove dirty shoes and clothes then safely dispose them. Wash the area with soap and water. Immediately call a doctor in case of irritation, swelling or redness persist. In case of contact with the eyes: Rinse well with water for around 15 minutes. Call the specialist doctor or local hospital if irritation persists.

#### 4.2

##### Main symptoms and effects both acute and delayed, see chapter 11:

- Skin contact: Redness, irritations
- Eyes contact: Eyes irritation.

#### 4.3

##### Indication on the eventual necessity of contacting a doctor and special treatments:

- Follow doctor's instructions.

### Section 5 – Anti-Fire Measures

#### 5.1

##### Extinguisher means:

- Carbon dioxide, foam, powder and nebulized water
- DO NOT USE WATER JETS
- May be used to cool closed containers exposed to flames and to prevent from explosions.

#### 5.2

##### Dangers coming from substance or mixture:

- DANGERS LINKED TO EXPOSURE IN CASE OF FIRE
- There might be over-pressure in the containers exposed to fire with consequent danger of explosion
- Avoid breathing burning substances (Carbone oxide, toxic products in pyrolysis).

#### 5.3

##### Information for the staff extinguishing the fire:

- GENERAL INFORMATION SAFETY DATA SHEET  
Cool containers with water jets in order to avoid product decomposition and the formation of possible substances that would be health dangerous. Always wear the whole anti-fire equipment. Collect extinguishing water that won't be pour down drains. Collect dirty water and all the residues according to current rules.
- EQUIPMENT  
Protective cap with peak, fireproof clothes (jacket and trousers with bands around arms, legs and hips), suitable gloves (anti-fire, anti-cut), auto-breather (auto protector).

### Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

#### 6.1

##### Personal equipment, protective clothing and emergency procedures:

- Remove any ignition or heating source (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc) in the concerned area. In case of solid product avoid the formation of powder, spraying some water unless there are specific notifications
- In case of powders dispersed in the air or vapours, use suitable breathing protection
- Stop the discharge if there's no danger. Do not handle damaged containers or the discharged product without wearing suitable protective clothes
- For any information regarding risks for environment and health, breathing protection, ventilation and individual protective means, please refer to other chapt. in this data sheet.

#### 6.2

##### Environmental precautions:

- Do not let the product pour down drains, superficial waters, water-bearing stratum and border areas.

#### 6.3

##### Methods and materials to collect and clean:

- Absorb the discharged product using absorbing inert material. (sand, powder) Collect most of the residual product using collecting containers. Remove the residual using water jets if there are not opposite notifications. Good air the ambient concerned by the discharge. Product disposal must be performed according to chapt. 13.

**Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

**7.1**

**Precautions for safe handle:**

- Wear gloves, apron, mask and boots.

**7.2**

**Safe warehouse:**

- Keep container well sealed in a dry place; protect from freeze and avoid temperatures higher than 40°C. Do not keep in warehouse together with acids and strong bases.

**7.3**

**Specific end uses:**

- Stain removal treatments

**Section 8 - Exposure Control and Protection**

**8.1**

Since the use of suitable technical measures should be first than personal protection equipment, it's necessary to ensure a proper ventilation through the use of a good aspiration device or the polluted air discharge. If these operations do not keep product concentration under minimum exposure values, it will be necessary to wear a suitable breathing apparatus protection. During use, refer to danger label for more details. Personal protective clothes must be in compliance with the rules here below indicated:

**Hands protection:**

- Protect hands using working gloves, II category. (ref. Directive 89/686/CEE and Rule EN 374) like: PVC, neoprene, nitrile or equivalent.
- The final choice of the gloves must consider: degradation, breaking time and permeability. In case of mixtures the gloves resistance must be checked before using, it is not foreseeable. Gloves have a wear and tear term that depends on exposure time.
- Precautionary measures: avoid inhaling the vapours, avoid contact with eyes and skin.

**Eyes protection:**

- Wear sealing protective mask (ref. Rule EN 166).

**Skin protection:**

- Wear long sleeves working clothes and shoes for professional use, II category. (ref. Directive CEE and EN 344 rule). Wash with plenty of water after taking protective clothes off. neoprene or nitrile rubber gloves, minimum / gloves-> 2h, minimum thickness gloves: 0.6 mm conform to EN374. Check the resistance of gloves to the product before use.

**Breathing protection:**

- In case of overcoming of the limit value of one or more substances present in the product, wear a mask with filter A type or the universal type, whose class (1,2 or 3) will be chosen according to the use. (ref. EN 141 Rule). The use of breathing apparatus protections, like mask with filter for organic vapours and powders/fog, it's compulsory in absence of technical measures to limit the worker exposure. The protection given by the mask is limited anyway. If the substance is odourless or in case of emergency (unknown time of exposure or the oxygen level in the ambient is lower than 17%) wear a compressed air auto-breather at open circuit (ref. Rule EN 137) or a respirator with external air outlet for the use with whole mask, semi-mask or nozzle. (Ref. Rule EN 138). If there's the risk to get squirts or sprinkles due to the type of work performed, it's necessary to foresee a suitable mucous protection (mouth, nose, eyes) in order to avoid accidental absorptions.

**8.2**

**Limits of exposure:**

- 

**8.3**

**Exposure control, Technical controls:**

- Handle in well ventilated areas.

**8.4**

**Individual protection:**

- Wear gloves and mask, in normal use conditions no vapours are generated.

**8.5**

**Environmental protection:**

- Avoid discharge in sewers
- Since the use of suitable technical measures should be first than personal protection equipment, it's necessary to ensure a proper ventilation through the use of a good aspiration device or the polluted air discharge
- If these operations do not keep product concentration under minimum exposure values, it will be necessary to wear a suitable breathing apparatus protection. During use, refer to danger label for more details.

**Section 9 - Chemical and Physical Properties**

**9.1**

<b>Status:</b>	Creamy
<b>Colour:</b>	White / grey
<b>Odour:</b>	Typical
<b>Smelling threshold:</b>	Not determined
<b>pH:</b>	Between 11.5 and 13
<b>Boiling point:</b>	200°C approx
<b>Fusion point:</b>	18°C
<b>Flashing point:</b>	>40°C
<b>Ignition temperature:</b>	>300°C
<b>Vapours:</b>	Not determined
<b>Viscosity:</b>	Not determined
<b>Solubility:</b>	Soluble in water
<b>Density at 20°C:</b>	Approx 2

## Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

### 10.1

#### Reactivity:

- No dangerous reaction in normal conditions of use.

### 10.2

#### Chemical stability:

- The product is chemically stable in normal use and storage conditions. It is exothermically active.

### 10.3

#### Possible dangerous reactions:

- No dangerous reactions detected.

### 10.4

#### Conditions to avoid:

- Avoid overheating, avoid contact with wood and light metals.

### 10.5

#### Hazardous decomposition products:

- In case of thermal decomposition gases and vapours dangerous to health may occur.

### 10.6

#### Substances to avoid:

- Rubber, thermoplastic substances.

## Section 11 - Toxicological Information

- TVL 85 mg/m<sup>3</sup>.

#### Acute inhalation toxicity:

- Could be irritant for breathing apparatus.

#### Acute oral toxicity:

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#### Contact with the skin:

- May cause irritation.

#### Contact with the eyes:

- May cause eyes irritation.

The introduction of little quantities of product in the breathing apparatus may cause vomit, bronco-pneumonia or pulmonary edema.

Due to continuous exposure the product may bring to a skin degreasing, causing cracks and dryness.

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

### 12.1

- The product can pollute the ground. Avoid absorption.

### 12.2

- The product is harmful for fish fauna. Do not pour down drains, or in water.

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

### 13.1

#### Waste handling:

- Re-use, if possible the product. Product residues must be regarded as special dangerous waste. Waste danger that contain this product must be evaluated on the basis of current rules.

#### Disposal:

- Must be performed by company authorized to waste handling, according to national and local current rules. Polluted Packages, Polluted packages must be recovered or wasted in compliance with National rules concerning waste management. Do not pour down drains. Do not waste in the ground. Small residues can be collected using absorbent material.

## Section 14 - Transport

- Transport must be performed by specific vehicles authorized to transport of dangerous goods, in compliance with current rules of the current ADR agreement and applicable disposition.
- Transport must be performed in original containers and, anyway, use packages made of materials not attaching by the product inside.
- Loading staff must be properly trained on possible risks and eventual procedures to follow in case of emergency.

#### By road and rail:

- Class ADR/RID 3 UN 3295
- Packing group III
- Nr. Kemler 30
- Limite Qty LQ07
- Tunnel restriction code (D/E)
- Technical name: Hydrocarbons, liquid, N.A.S.

#### By sea:

- Class IMO 3 UN 3295
- Packaging Group III
- Label corrosive
- EMS F-E-S-E
- Marine pollutant No
- Proper shipping name: Hydrocarbons, liquid, N.A.S.

#### By air:

- IATA 3 UN:3295
- Packing group III
- Packing instruction 310 quantity max:220l

#### Pass:

- Packing instruction 309 quantity max 60l
- Particular instructions A3
- Proper shipping name: Hydrocarbons, liquid, N.A.S.

## Section 15 – Regulatory Information

### Regulation on health, safety and environment specific for the substance:

In compliance with DM dtd 28.01.1992, the product is labeled as follows:

- Risk sentence: Flammable. Orange rectangle
- Safety sentence: Keep far from heating sources. Do not smoke (S16)
- Regulation CE n. 1907/2006 (Reach), Annex XIV list of substances subject to authorization
- Substances SVHC: none
- Annex XVII: none.

The staff working with this kind of product must be subject to sanitary checks as foreseen in the Art. 41 of D.Lgs. 81 dtd April 9 2008, unless the risk for the worker is regarded as not relevant, as foreseen in the Art.224 comma 2.

## Section 16 – Other Information

### 16.1

#### Classification according to Regulation CE 1272/2008:

Hazard indications:

- **Flam. Liq.2** Flammable liquid, cat. 2
- **Acute tox.3** High toxicity, cat. 3
- **STOT SE 1** Specific toxicity for target - single exposure, Cat. 1
- **Flam.Liq.3** Flammable liquid, cat.3
- **STOT SE 3** Specific toxicity for target-single exposure, Cat.3
- **Carc. 1B** Cancerogenicity, CAT 1 B
- **Muta , 1B** Mutagenicity on stem cells, cat. 1 B
- **Asp. Tox.1** Danger in case of aspiration, cat. 1
- **Acute tox.4** High toxicity, cat. 4
- **STOT RE 1** Specific toxicity for target - repeated exposure, cat. 1
- **Eye Irrit. 2** Eyes irritation, cat.2
- **Aquatic Acute 1** Dangerous for fish fauna, high toxicity, cat.1
- **Aquatic Chronic 1** Dangerous for fish fauna, high toxicity, cat.1
- **H226** Liquid and flammable vapours
- **H305** may be harmful if swallowed and by penetrating breathing ways
- **H314** causes severe skin burning
- **H315** causes skin irritation
- **H319** Causes eye irritation
- **H400** Very toxic for water organism
- **EUH066** Continuous exposure may cause skin dryness and cracks.
- **P260** do not breath vapours in aerosol
- **P301+330+331** in case of ingestion rinse the mouth and do not induce vomit
- **P303+361+353** in case of contact with the skin (or hair) immediately take dirty clothes off. Rinse the skin, take a shower
- **P305+351+338** in case of contact with eyes rinse very well for some minutes, take off eventual lens and rinse again
- **R10** flammable
- **R11** easily flammable
- **R 23/24/25** toxic by inhalation, skin contact, ingestion
- **R36** eyes irritating
- **R48/25** toxic: serious healthy damages in case of long exposure by ingestion.
- **R50/53** high toxic for aquatic organism, at long term it may cause negative effects for fish fauna
- **R65** harmful: if swallowed could cause serious damage to lungs
- **R66** continuous exposure may cause skin dryness and cracks
- **R67** vapours inhalation may cause sleepiness and giddiness
- **R68** possibility of non-reversible effects.

### General bibliography:

1. Directive 1999/45/CE and following modifications
2. Directive 67/548/CEE and following modifications
3. Regulation (CE) 1907/2006 of European Parliament (REACH)
4. Regulation (CE) 790/2009 of European Parliament (1 Atp. CLP)
5. Regulation (CE) 453/2010 of European Parliament
6. The Merck Index Ed. 10
7. Handling Chemical Safety
8. Niosh- Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemicals Substances
9. INRS – Fiche Toxicologique
10. Patty- Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
11. N.I. Sax. – Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials – 7 Ed. 1989

### User's notes:

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